

NAG C Library Function Document

nag_zhbevd (f08hqc)

1 Purpose

nag_zhbevd (f08hqc) computes all the eigenvalues and, optionally, all the eigenvectors of a complex Hermitian band matrix. If the eigenvectors are requested, then it uses a divide-and-conquer algorithm to compute eigenvalues and eigenvectors. However, if only eigenvalues are required, then it uses the Pal–Walker–Kahan variant of the QL or QR algorithm.

2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagf08.h>

void nag_zhbevd (Nag_OrderType order, Nag_JobType job, Nag_UploType uplo,
                 Integer n, Integer kd, Complex ab[], Integer pdab, double w[], Complex z[],
                 Integer pdz, NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

nag_zhbevd (f08hqc) computes all the eigenvalues and, optionally, all the eigenvectors of a complex Hermitian band matrix A . In other words, it can compute the spectral factorization of A as

$$A = ZAZ^H,$$

where A is a real diagonal matrix whose diagonal elements are the eigenvalues λ_i , and Z is the (complex) unitary matrix whose columns are the eigenvectors z_i . Thus

$$Az_i = \lambda_i z_i, \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, n.$$

4 References

Anderson E, Bai Z, Bischof C, Blackford S, Demmel J, Dongarra J J, Du Croz J J, Greenbaum A, Hammarling S, McKenney A and Sorensen D (1999) *LAPACK Users' Guide* (3rd Edition) SIAM, Philadelphia URL: <http://www.netlib.org/lapack/lug>

Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) *Matrix Computations* (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

5 Arguments

1: **order** – Nag_OrderType *Input*

On entry: the **order** argument specifies the two-dimensional storage scheme being used, i.e., row-major ordering or column-major ordering. C language defined storage is specified by **order** = **Nag_RowMajor**. See Section 2.2.1.4 of the Essential Introduction for a more detailed explanation of the use of this argument.

Constraint: **order** = **Nag_RowMajor** or **Nag_ColMajor**.

2: **job** – Nag_JobType *Input*

On entry: indicates whether eigenvectors are computed.

job = **Nag_DoNothing**

Only eigenvalues are computed.

job = Nag_EigVecs

Eigenvalues and eigenvectors are computed.

Constraint: **job** = Nag_DoNothing or Nag_EigVecs.

3: **uplo** – Nag_UploType *Input*

On entry: indicates whether the upper or lower triangular part of A is stored.

uplo = Nag_Upper

The upper triangular part of A is stored.

uplo = Nag_Lower

The lower triangular part of A is stored.

Constraint: **uplo** = Nag_Upper or Nag_Lower.

4: **n** – Integer *Input*

On entry: n , the order of the matrix A .

Constraint: $n \geq 0$.

5: **kd** – Integer *Input*

On entry: if **uplo** = Nag_Upper, the number of superdiagonals, k , of the matrix A .

If **uplo** = Nag_Lower, the number of subdiagonals.

Constraint: $kd \geq 0$.

6: **ab**[*dim*] – Complex *Input/Output*

Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **ab** must be at least $\max(1, \mathbf{pdab} \times \mathbf{n})$.

On entry: the n by n Hermitian band matrix A with k sub- or super-diagonals. This is stored as a notional two-dimensional array with row elements or column elements stored contiguously. Just the upper or lower triangular part of the array is held depending on the value of **uplo**. The storage of elements a_{ij} depends on the **order** and **uplo** arguments as follows:

```

if order = Nag_ColMajor and uplo = Nag_Upper,
     $a_{ij}$  is stored in  $\mathbf{ab}[k + i - j + (j - 1) \times \mathbf{pdab}]$ , for  $i = 1, \dots, n$  and
     $j = i, \dots, \min(n, i + k)$ ;
if order = Nag_ColMajor and uplo = Nag_Lower,
     $a_{ij}$  is stored in  $\mathbf{ab}[i - j + (j - 1) \times \mathbf{pdab}]$ , for  $i = 1, \dots, n$  and  $j = \max(1, i - k), \dots, i$ 
    ;
if order = Nag_RowMajor and uplo = Nag_Upper,
     $a_{ij}$  is stored in  $\mathbf{ab}[j - i + (i - 1) \times \mathbf{pdab}]$ , for  $i = 1, \dots, n$  and  $j = i, \dots, \min(n, i + k)$ ;
if order = Nag_RowMajor and uplo = Nag_Lower,
     $a_{ij}$  is stored in  $\mathbf{ab}[k + j - i + (i - 1) \times \mathbf{pdab}]$ , for  $i = 1, \dots, n$  and
     $j = \max(1, i - k), \dots, i$ .

```

On exit: A is overwritten by the values generated during the reduction to tridiagonal form.

If **uplo** = Nag_Upper, the first superdiagonal and the diagonal of the tridiagonal matrix are returned in rows **kd** and **kd** + 1 of the array **ab**, respectively.

If **uplo** = Nag_Lower, the diagonal and the first subdiagonal of the tridiagonal matrix are returned in the first two rows of the array **ab**.

7: **pdab** – Integer *Input*

On entry: the stride separating row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) of the matrix A in the array **ab**.

Constraint: $\mathbf{pdab} \geq \mathbf{kd} + 1$.

- 8: **w**[*dim*] – double *Output*
Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **w** must be at least $\max(1, \mathbf{n})$.
On exit: the eigenvalues of the matrix *A* in ascending order.
- 9: **z**[*dim*] – Complex *Output*
Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **z** must be at least
 $\max(1, \mathbf{pdz} \times \mathbf{n})$ when **job** = **Nag_EigVecs**;
1 when **job** = **Nag_DoNothing**.
If **order** = **Nag_ColMajor**, the (*i*,*j*)th element of the matrix *Z* is stored in **z**[(*j* – 1) × **pdz** + *i* – 1].
If **order** = **Nag_RowMajor**, the (*i*,*j*)th element of the matrix *Z* is stored in **z**[(*i* – 1) × **pdz** + *j* – 1].
On exit: if **job** = **Nag_EigVecs**, **z** is overwritten by the unitary matrix *Z* which contains the eigenvectors of *A*. The *i*th column of *Z* contains the eigenvector which corresponds to the eigenvalue **w**[*i*].
If **job** = **Nag_DoNothing**, **z** is not referenced.
- 10: **pdz** – Integer *Input*
On entry: the stride separating matrix row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) in the array **z**.
Constraints:
if **job** = **Nag_EigVecs**, **pdz** ≥ $\max(1, \mathbf{n})$;
if **job** = **Nag_DoNothing**, **pdz** ≥ 1.
- 11: **fail** – NagError * *Input/Output*
The NAG error argument (see Section 2.6 of the Essential Introduction).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_ALLOC_FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, argument *⟨value⟩* had an illegal value.

NE_CONVERGENCE

The algorithm failed to converge, *⟨value⟩* elements of an intermediate tridiagonal form did not converge to zero.

NE_ENUM_INT_2

On entry, **job** = *⟨value⟩*, **n** = *⟨value⟩*, **pdz** = *⟨value⟩*.
Constraint: if **job** = **Nag_DoNothing**, **pdz** ≥ 1.

On entry, **job** = *⟨value⟩*, **n** = *⟨value⟩*, **pdz** = *⟨value⟩*.
Constraint: if **job** = **Nag_EigVecs**, **pdz** ≥ $\max(1, \mathbf{n})$.

On entry, **pdz** = *⟨value⟩*, **job** = *⟨value⟩*, **n** = *⟨value⟩*.
Constraint: if **job** = **Nag_EigVecs**, **pdz** ≥ $\max(1, \mathbf{n})$;
if **job** = **Nag_DoNothing**, **pdz** ≥ 1.

NE_INT

On entry, **kd** = *⟨value⟩*.
Constraint: **kd** ≥ 0.

On entry, **n** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **n** ≥ 0 .

On entry, **pdab** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **pdab** > 0 .

On entry, **pdz** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **pdz** > 0 .

NE_INT_2

On entry, **pdab** = $\langle value \rangle$, **kd** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **pdab** $\geq$ **kd** + 1.

NE_INTERNAL_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please consult NAG for assistance.

7 Accuracy

The computed eigenvalues and eigenvectors are exact for a nearby matrix $(A + E)$, where

$$\|E\|_2 = O(\epsilon)\|A\|_2,$$

and ϵ is the *machine precision*. See Section 4.7 of Anderson *et al.* (1999) for further details.

8 Further Comments

The real analogue of this function is nag_dsbevd (f08hcc).

9 Example

To compute all the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the Hermitian band matrix A , where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1+0i & 2-1i & 3-1i & 0+0i & 0+0i \\ 2+1i & 2+0i & 3-2i & 4-2i & 0+0i \\ 3+1i & 3+2i & 3+0i & 4-3i & 5-3i \\ 0+0i & 4+2i & 4+3i & 4+0i & 5-4i \\ 0+0i & 0+0i & 5+3i & 5+4i & 5+0i \end{pmatrix}.$$

9.1 Program Text

```
/* nag_zhbevd (f08hqc) Example Program.
 *
 * Copyright 2001 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 7, 2001.
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagf08.h>
#include <nagx04.h>

int main(void)
{
    /* Scalars */
    Integer i, j, k, kd, n, pdab, pdz, w_len;
    Integer exit_status=0;
    NagError fail;
    Nag_JobType job;
    Nag_UploType uplo;
    Nag_OrderType order;
    /* Arrays */
```

```

char    uplo_char[2], job_char[2];
Complex *ab=0, *z=0;
double  *w=0;

#ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
#define AB_UPPER(I,J) ab[(J-1)*pdab + k + I - J - 1]
#define AB_LOWER(I,J) ab[(J-1)*pdab + I - J]
    order = Nag_ColMajor;
#else
#define AB_UPPER(I,J) ab[(I-1)*pdab + J - I]
#define AB_LOWER(I,J) ab[(I-1)*pdab + k + J - I - 1]
    order = Nag_RowMajor;
#endif

INIT_FAIL(fail);
Vprintf("nag_zhbevd (f08hqc) Example Program Results\n\n");

/* Skip heading in data file */
Vscanf("%*[^\\n] ");
Vscanf("%ld%ld%*[^\\n] ", &n, &kd);
pdab = kd + 1;
pdz = n;
w_len = n;

/* Allocate memory */
if ( !(ab = NAG_ALLOC(pdab * n, Complex)) ||
     !(w = NAG_ALLOC(w_len, double)) ||
     !(z = NAG_ALLOC(n * n, Complex)) )
{
    Vprintf("Allocation failure\n");
    exit_status = -1;
    goto END;
}

/* Read whether Upper or Lower part of A is stored */
Vscanf(" ' %ls '%*[^\\n] ", uplo_char);
if (*(unsigned char *)uplo_char == 'L')
    uplo = Nag_Lower;
else if (*(unsigned char *)uplo_char == 'U')
    uplo = Nag_Upper;
else
{
    Vprintf("Unrecognised character for Nag_UploType type\n");
    exit_status = -1;
    goto END;
}

/* Read A from data file */
k = kd + 1;
if (uplo == Nag_Upper)
{
    for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
    {
        for (j = i; j <= MIN(i+kd,n); ++j)
        {
            Vscanf(" ( %lf , %lf )", &AB_UPPER(i,j).re,
                    &AB_UPPER(i,j).im);
        }
        Vscanf("%*[^\\n] ");
    }
}
else
{
    for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
    {
        for (j = MAX(1,i-kd); j <= i; ++j)
        {
            Vscanf(" ( %lf , %lf )", &AB_LOWER(i,j).re,
                    &AB_LOWER(i,j).im);
        }
        Vscanf("%*[^\\n] ");
    }
}

```

```

/* Read type of job to be performed */
Vscanf(" ' %1s '%*[\n] ", job_char);
if (*(unsigned char *)job_char == 'V')
    job = Nag_EigVecs;
else
    job = Nag_DoNothing;
/* Calculate all the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of A */
/* nag_zhbevd (f08hqc).
 * All eigenvalues and optionally all eigenvectors of
 * complex Hermitian band matrix (divide-and-conquer)
 */
nag_zhbevd(order, job, uplo, n, kd, ab, pdab, w, z, pdz, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    Vprintf("Error from nag_zhbevd (f08hqc).\n%s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}
/* Print eigenvalues and eigenvectors */
Vprintf(" Eigenvalues\n");
for (i = 0; i < n; ++i)
    Vprintf("      %5ld      %8.4f\n", i+1, w[i]);
Vprintf("\n");
/* nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp (x04dbc).
 * Print complex general matrix (comprehensive)
 */
nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp(order, Nag_GeneralMatrix, Nag_NonUnitDiag, n, n,
                              z, pdz, Nag_AboveForm, "%7.4f", "Eigenvectors",
                              Nag_IntegerLabels, 0, Nag_IntegerLabels, 0, 80,
                              0, 0, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    Vprintf("Error from nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp (x04dbc).\n%s\n",
            fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}
END:
if (ab) NAG_FREE(ab);
if (w) NAG_FREE(w);
if (z) NAG_FREE(z);
return exit_status;
}

```

9.2 Program Data

```

nag_zhbevd (f08hqc) Example Program Data
5 2                                     :Values of N and KD
'L'                                    :Value of UPLO
(1.0, 0.0)
(2.0, 1.0) (2.0, 0.0)
(3.0, 1.0) (3.0, 2.0) (3.0, 0.0)
              (4.0, 2.0) (4.0, 3.0) (4.0, 0.0)
                      (5.0, 3.0) (5.0, 4.0) (5.0, 0.0) :End of matrix A
'V'                                     :Value of JOB

```

9.3 Program Results

nag_zhbevd (f08hqc) Example Program Results

Eigenvalues

1	-6.4185
2	-1.4094
3	1.4421
4	4.4856
5	16.9002

Eigenvectors

	1	2	3	4	5
--	---	---	---	---	---

1	-0.2591	0.6367	0.4516	0.5503	0.1439
	-0.0000	-0.0000	-0.0000	-0.0000	-0.0000
2	0.0245	-0.2578	-0.3029	0.4785	0.3060
	0.4344	0.2413	-0.4402	0.2759	0.0411
3	0.5159	-0.3039	0.3160	0.2128	0.4681
	-0.1095	-0.3481	0.2978	0.0465	0.2306
4	0.0004	0.3450	-0.4088	-0.1707	0.4098
	-0.5093	-0.0832	-0.3213	0.0200	0.3832
5	-0.4333	-0.2469	0.0204	0.0175	0.1819
	0.1353	0.2634	0.2262	-0.5611	0.5136
